

# Multiparty Asynchronous Session Types



<http://mrg.doc.ic.ac.uk/>

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## Structure of Lectures

- Theory
  - Multiparty Session Types
- Summary: Practice and Programming using Scribble

## Session Type Reading List

- Home Page <http://mrg.doc.ic.ac.uk/>
- [ESOP'98] Language Primitives and Type Disciplines for Structured Communication-based Programming, Honda, Vasconcelos and Kubo
- [SecRet'06] Language Primitives and Type Disciplines for Structured Communication-based Programming [Revisited](#), Yoshida and Vasconcelos, ENTCS.
- [SFM'15] Gentle Introduction to Multiparty Asynchronous Session Types, Coppo et al.



# Selected Publications 2015/2016

- **[FASE'16]** Raymond Hu, Nobuko Yoshida: Hybrid Session Verification through Endpoint API Generation.
- **[TACAS'16]** Julien Lange, Nobuko Yoshida: Characteristic Formulae for Session Types.
- **[ESOP'16]** Dimitrios Kouzapas, Jorge A. Pérez, Nobuko Yoshida: On the Relative Expressiveness of Higher-Order Session Processes.
- **[POPL'16]** Dominic Orchard, Nobuko Yoshida: Effects as sessions, sessions as effects .
- **[FSTTCS'15]** Romain Demangeon, Nobuko Yoshida: On the Expressiveness of Multiparty Session Types.
- **[OOPSLA'15]** Hugo A. López, Eduardo R. B. Marques, Francisco Martins, Nicholas Ng, César Santos, Vasco Thudichum Vasconcelos, Nobuko Yoshida: Protocol-Based Verification of Message-Passing Parallel Programs .
- **[CONCUR'15]** Dimitrios Kouzapas, Jorge A. Pérez, Nobuko Yoshida: Characteristic Bisimulations for Higher-Order Session Processes .
- **[CONCUR'15]** Laura Bocchi, Julien Lange, Nobuko Yoshida: Meeting Deadlines Together.
- **[CONCUR'15]** Marco Carbone, Fabrizio Montesi, Carsten Schürmann, Nobuko Yoshida: Multiparty Session Types as Coherence Proofs.
- **[CC'15]** Nicholas Ng, Jose G.F. Coutinho, Nobuko Yoshida: Protocols by Default: Safe MPI Code Generation based on Session Types.
- **[PPoPP'15]** Tiago Cogumbreiro, Raymond Hu, Francisco Martins, Nobuko Yoshida: Dynamic deadlock verification for general barrier synchronisation.
- **[POPL'15]** Julien Lange, Emilio Tuosto, Nobuko Yoshida: From communicating machines to graphical choreographies.



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# Origin of Multiparty Session Types

Binary Session Types [PARL'94, ESOP'98]



Milner, Honda and Yoshida joined W3C WS-CDL (2002)



Formalisation of W3C WS-CDL [ESOP'07]



Scribble at  $\pi^4$  Technology

# CDL Equivalent

- Basic example:

```
package HelloWorld {  
    roleType YouRole, WorldRole;  
    participantType You{YouRole}, World{WorldRole};  
    relationshipType YouWorldRel between YouRole and WorldRole;  
    channelType WorldChannelType with roleType WorldRole;  
  
    choreography Main {  
        WorldChannelType worldChannel;  
  
        interaction operation=hello from=YouRole to=WorldRole  
            relationship=YouWorldRel channel=worldChannel {  
                request messageType=Hello;  
            }  
        }  
    }  
}
```

# Scribble Protocol

- "*Scribbling is necessary for architects, either physical or computing, since all great ideas of architectural construction come from that unconscious moment, when you do not realise what it is, when there is no concrete shape, only a whisper which is not a whisper, an image which is not an image, somehow it starts to urge you in your mind, in so small a voice but how persistent it is, at that point you start scribbling*" - Kohei Honda 2007
- Basic example:

```
protocol HelloWorld {  
    role You, World;  
    Hello from You to World;  
}
```

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Multiparty Session Types [POPL'08]



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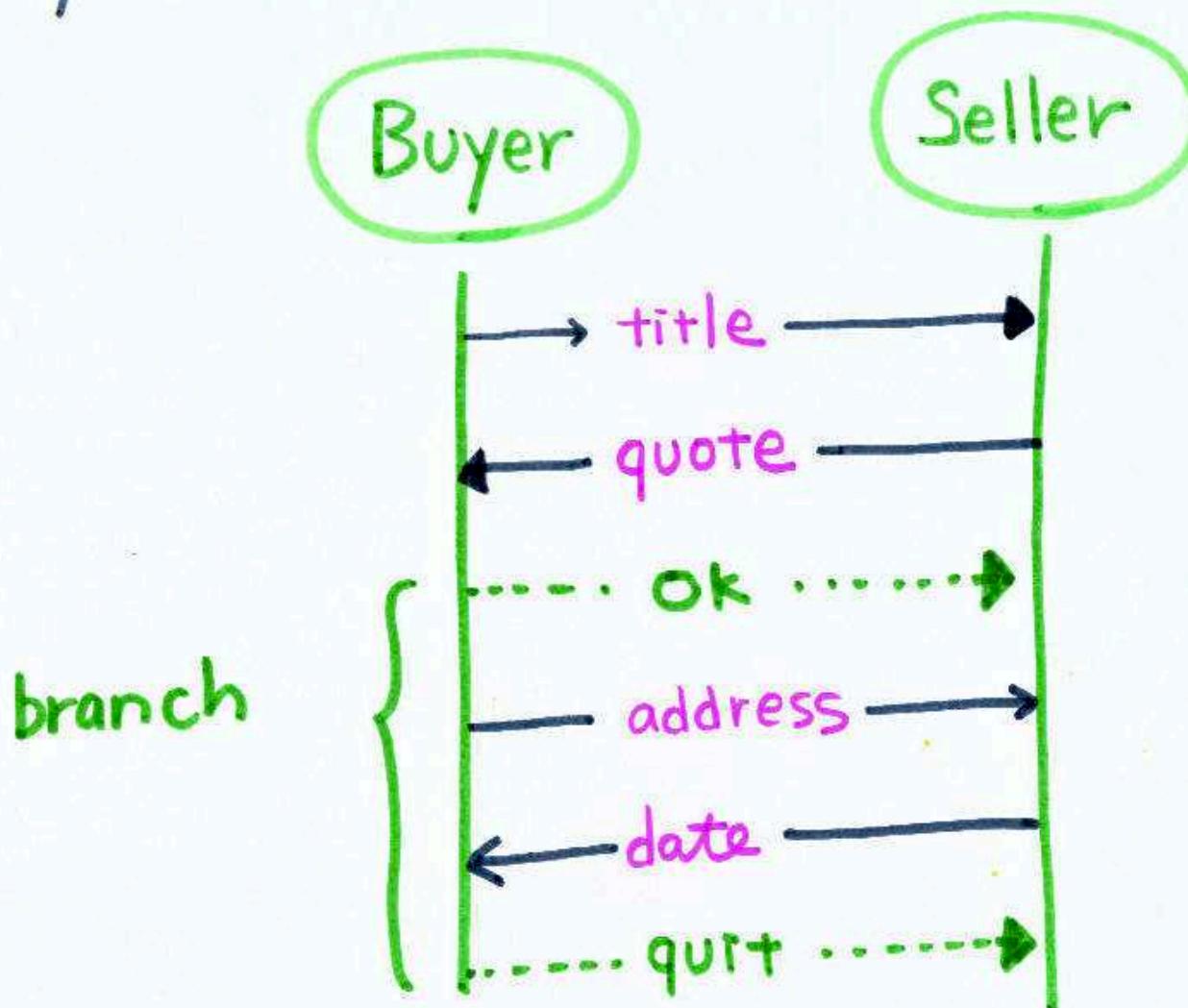
Scribble at  $\pi^4$  Technology

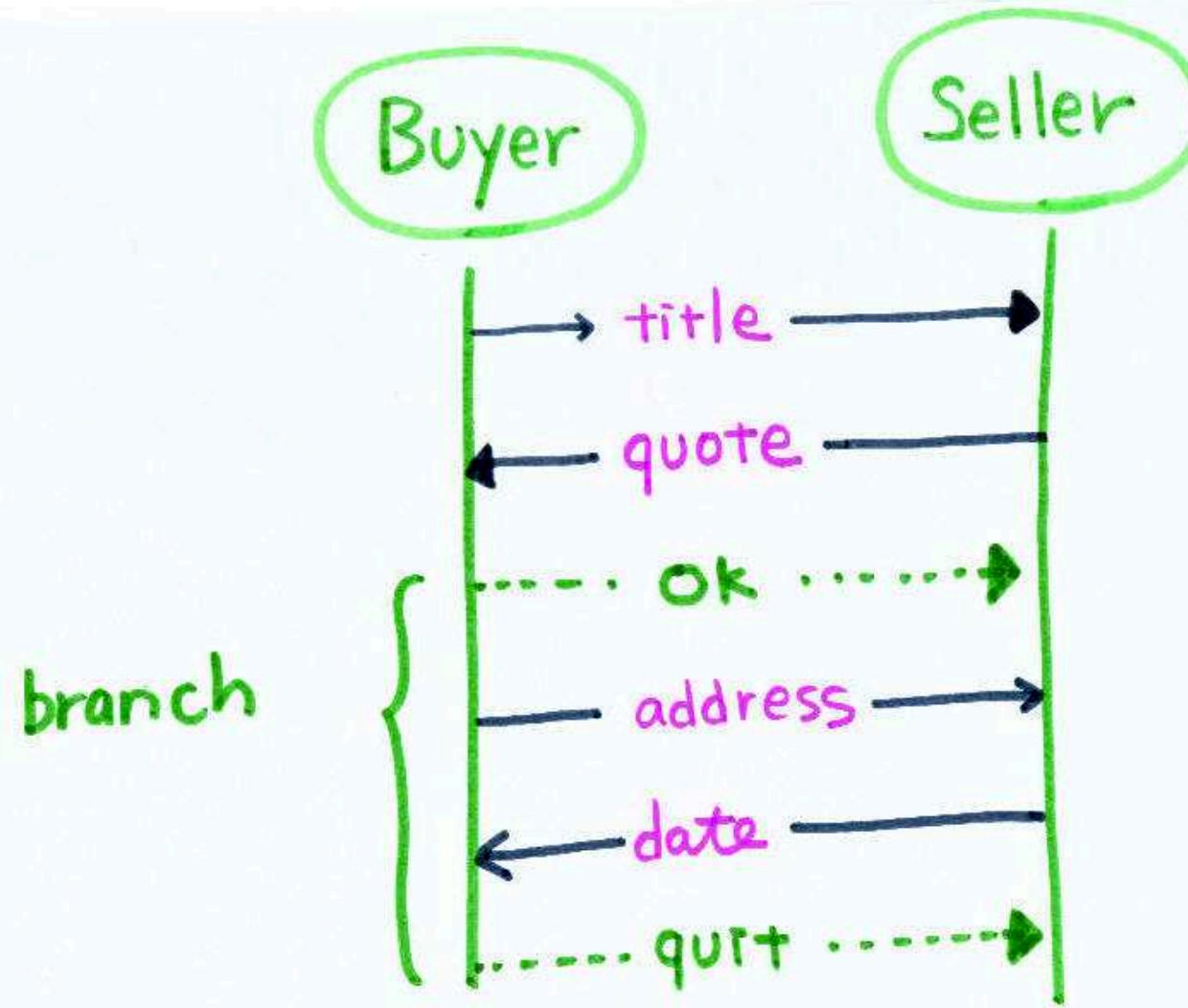


Multiparty Session Types [POPL'08]

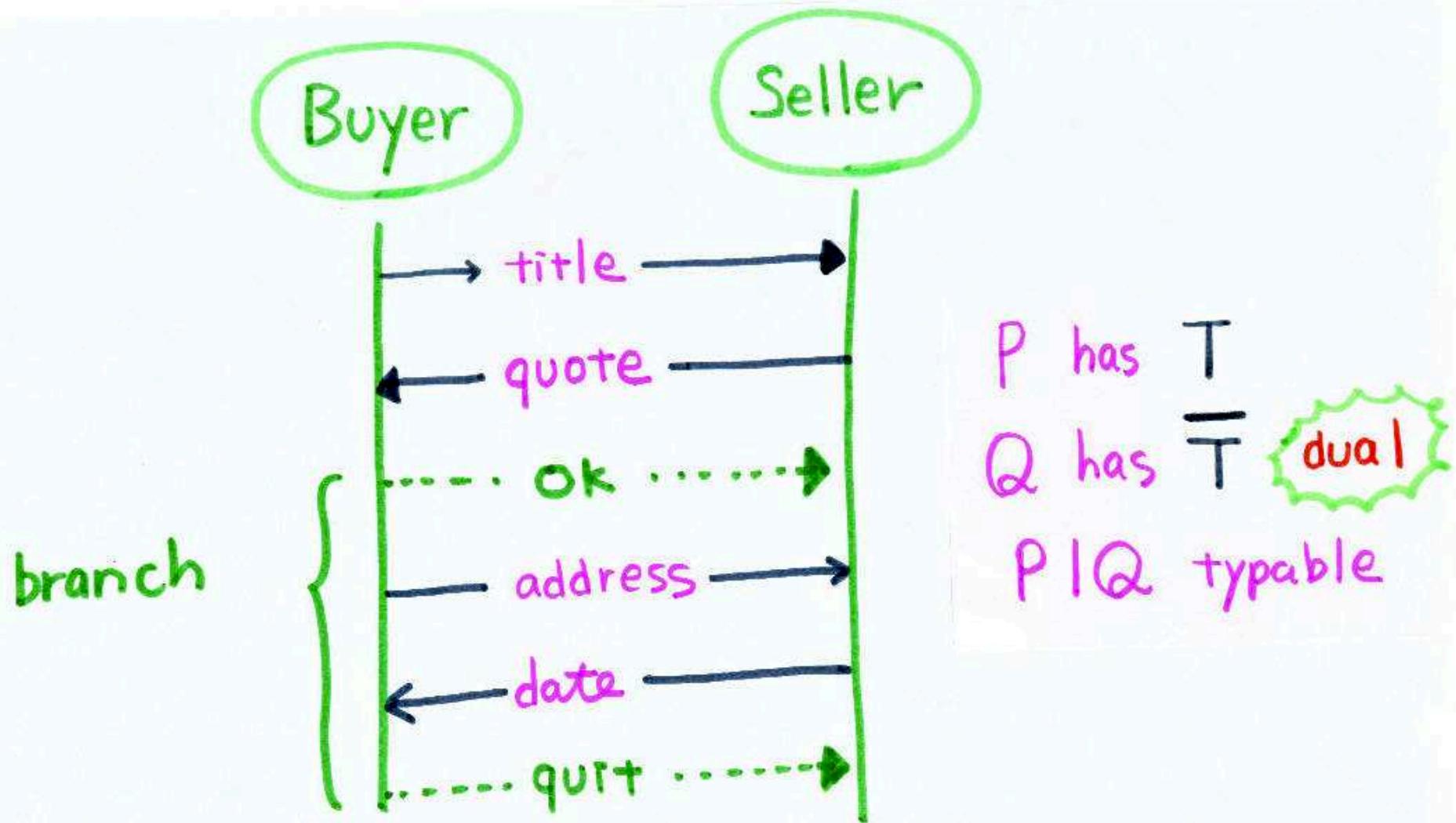


# Binary Session Types : Buyer- Seller Protocol





**!String ; ?Int ; ⊕{OK : !String ; ?Date ; end, quit : end }**



$!String ; ?Int ; \oplus \{OK : !String ; ?Date ; end, quit : end\}$

dual  $?String ; !Int ; \wp \{OK : ?String ; !Date ; end, quit : end\}$

## Binary Session Types

$!String ; ?Int ; \oplus\{OK : !String ; ?Date ; end, quit : end\}$

$\bar{a}(x), x !<"Title">; x ?(y); \text{if } y < 50 \text{ then}$   
 $x \triangleleft OK; x !<"London">; x ?(z); O$   
 $\text{else}$   
 $x \triangleleft quit$

## Binary Session Types

$! \text{String} ; ? \text{Int} ; \oplus \{ \text{OK} : !\text{String} ; ?\text{Date} ; \text{end}, \text{quit} : \text{end} \}$

dual  $? \text{String} ; ! \text{Int} ; \wp \{ \text{OK} : ?\text{String} ; !\text{Date} ; \text{end}, \text{quit} : \text{end} \}$

$\bar{a}(x). x !<\text{Title}>; x ?(y); \underline{\text{if}} \quad y < 50 \quad \underline{\text{then}}$   
 $x \triangleleft \text{OK}; x !<\text{London}>; x ?(z); 0$   
 $\underline{\text{else}}$   
 $x \triangleleft \text{quit}$

$a(x). x ?(y); x !<30>; x \{ \text{OK} \triangleright x ?(z). x !<01/01>; 0$   
 $\text{quit} \triangleright 0 \}$

if  $T$  and  $\bar{T}$  then  $P \mid Q$  typable

# Properties of Session Types

Intuitive Syntax , Light Weight Type Checking

1 Communication Error - Freedom

No Communication Mismatch

2 Session Fidelity

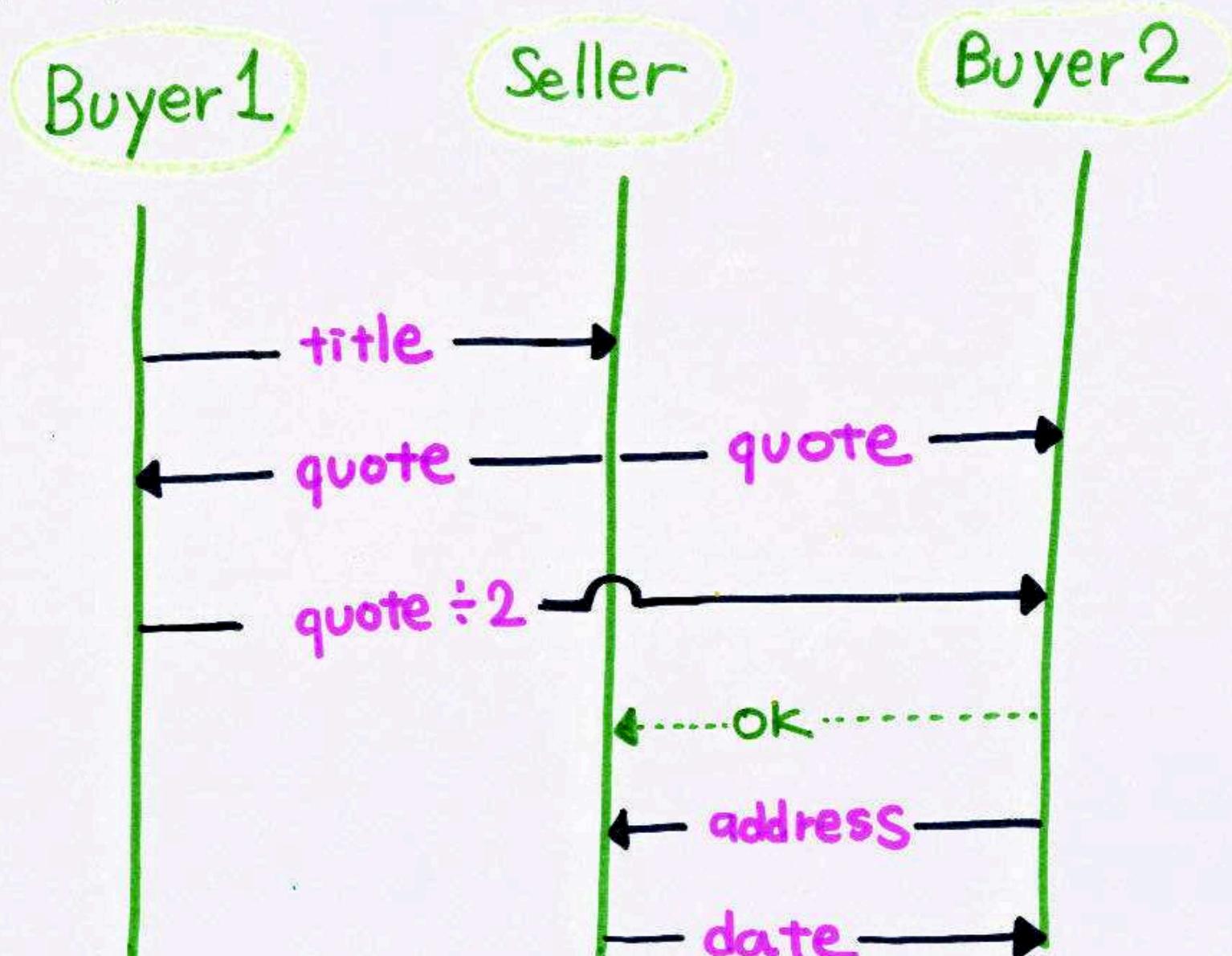
The Communication Sequence In a session follows the scenario declared in the types

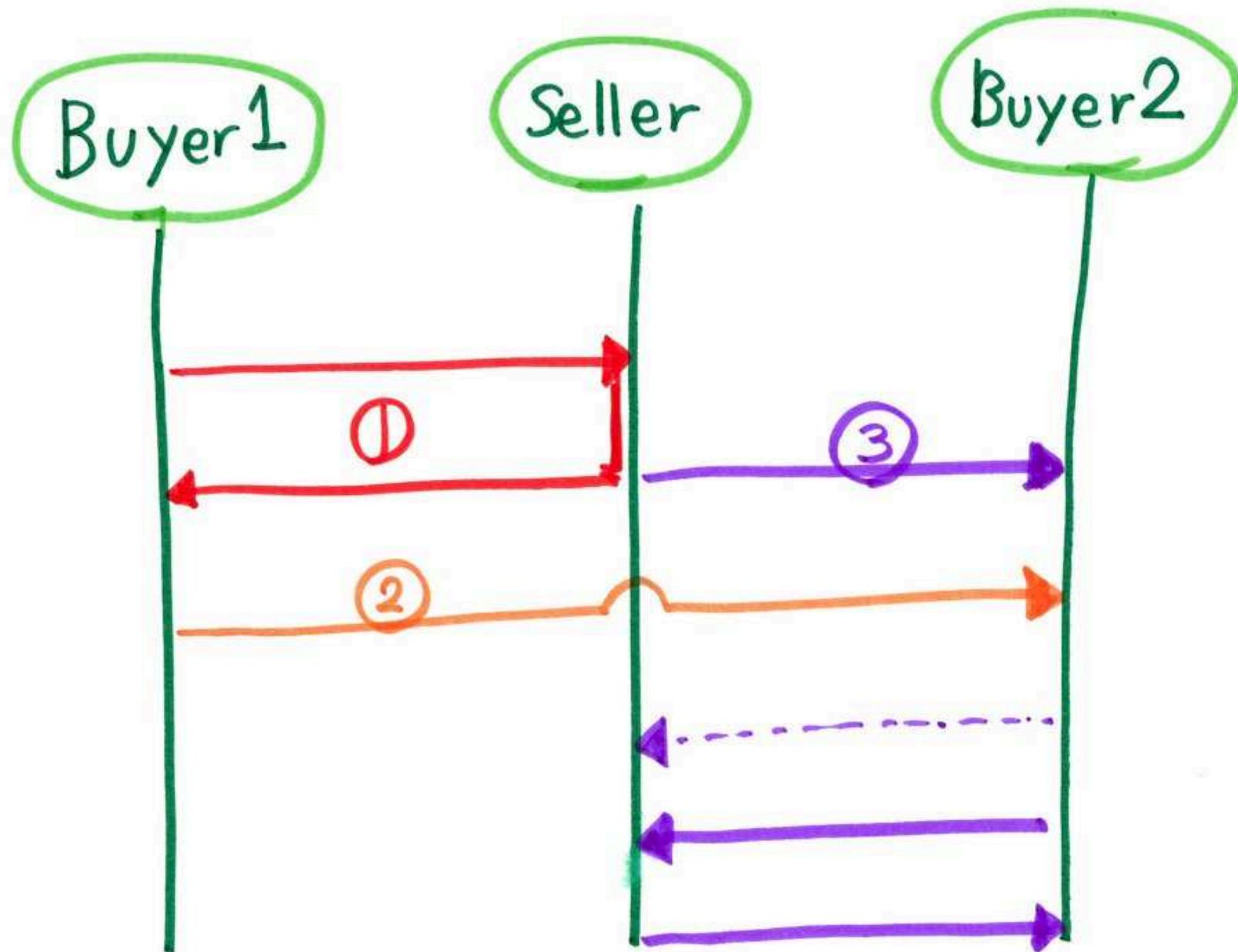
3 Progress

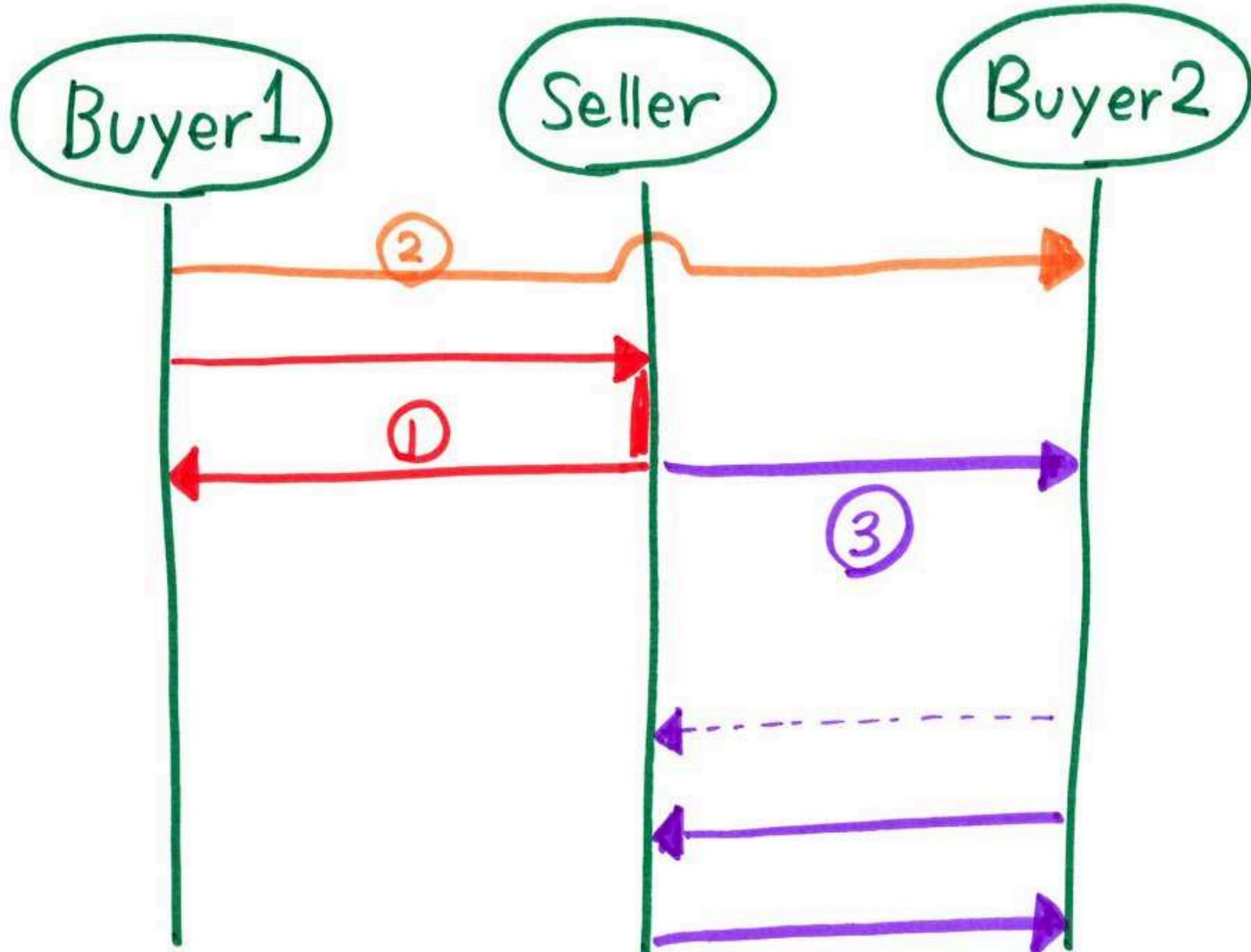


No Deadlock / Stuck in a session

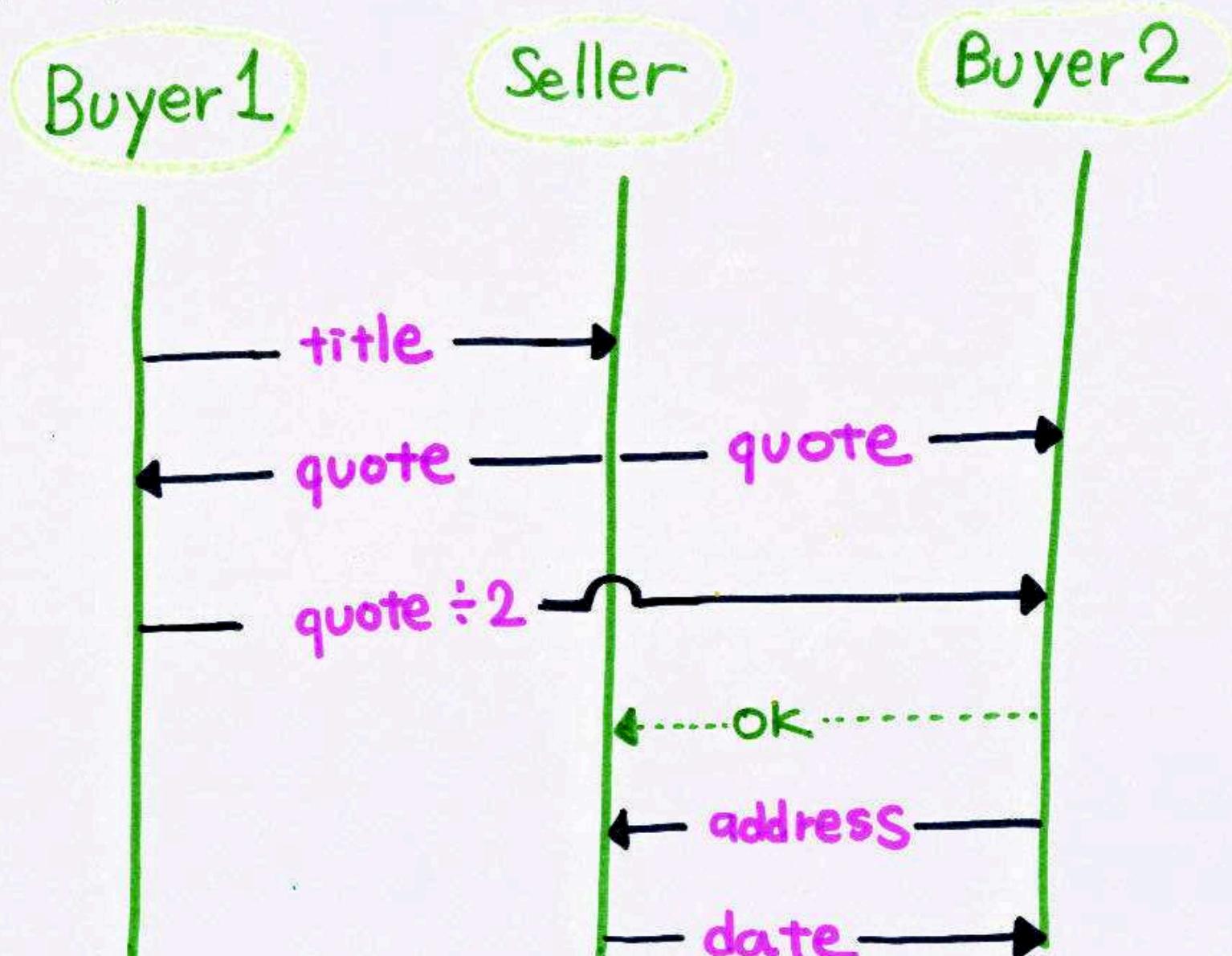
# Multiparty Session Types



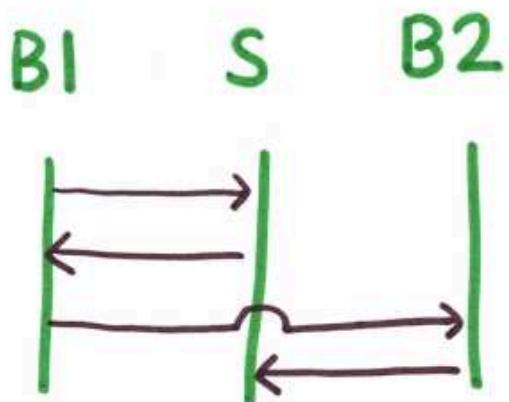




# Multiparty Session Types



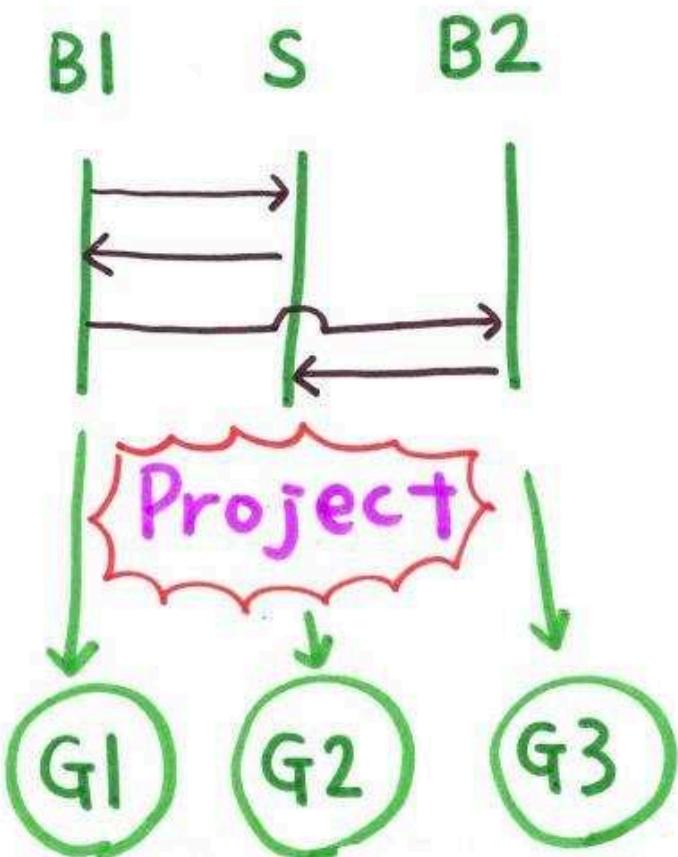
# Multiparty Session Types cf. Abstract Choreography [WS-CDL]



Step 1

Write Global Types

# Multiparty Session Types cf. Abstract Choreography [WS-CDL]



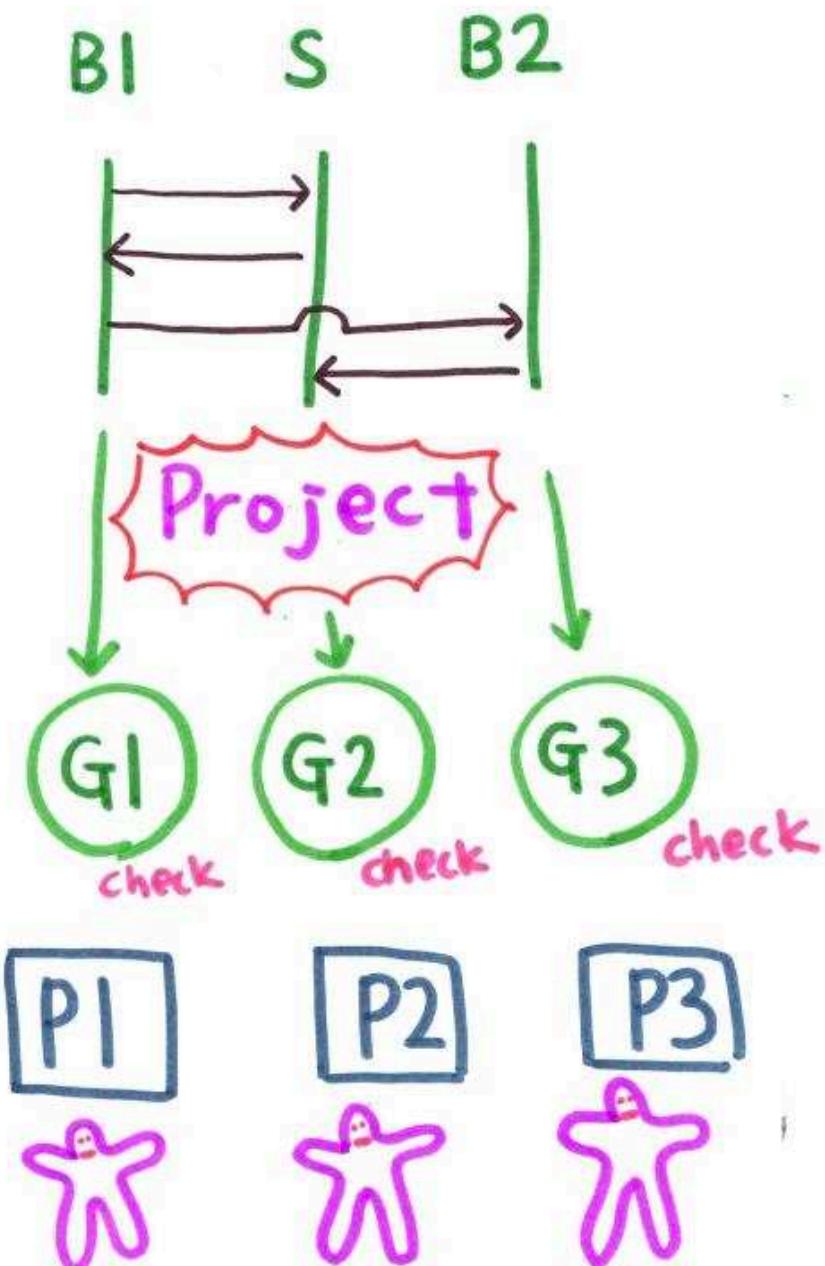
Step 1

Write Global Types

Step 2

Project Local Types

# Multiparty Session Types cf. Abstract Choreography [WS-CDL]



Step 1

Write Global Types

Step 2

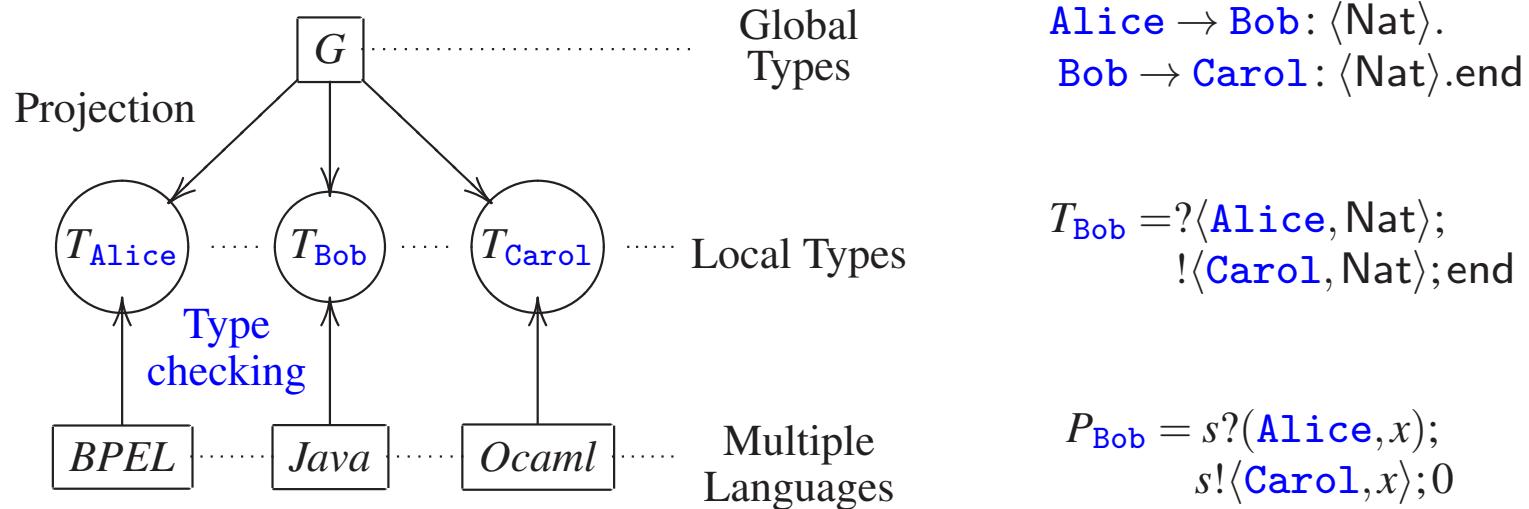
Project

Step 3

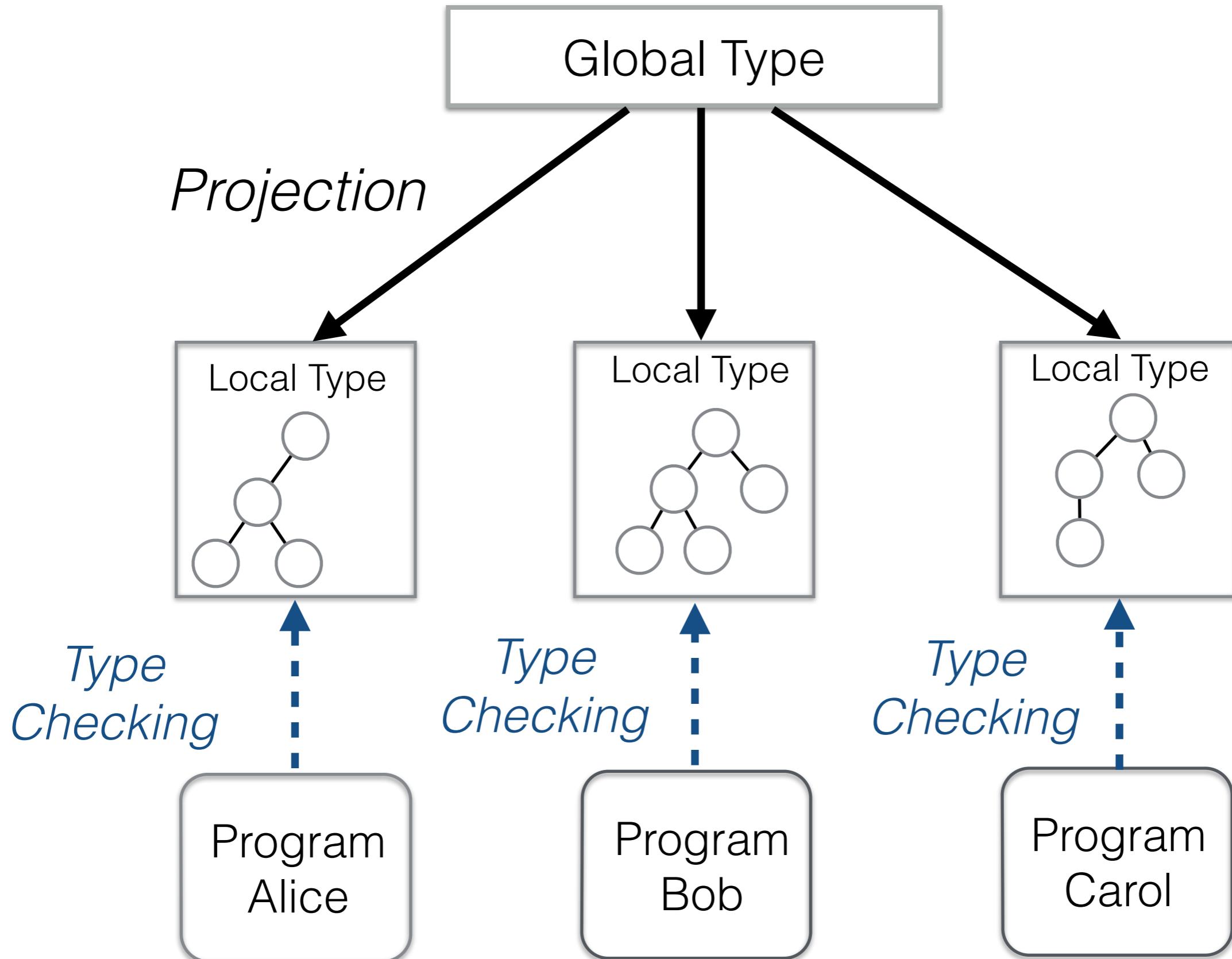
Write Local Programs

Type  
and Check Locally

# Multiparty Session Types

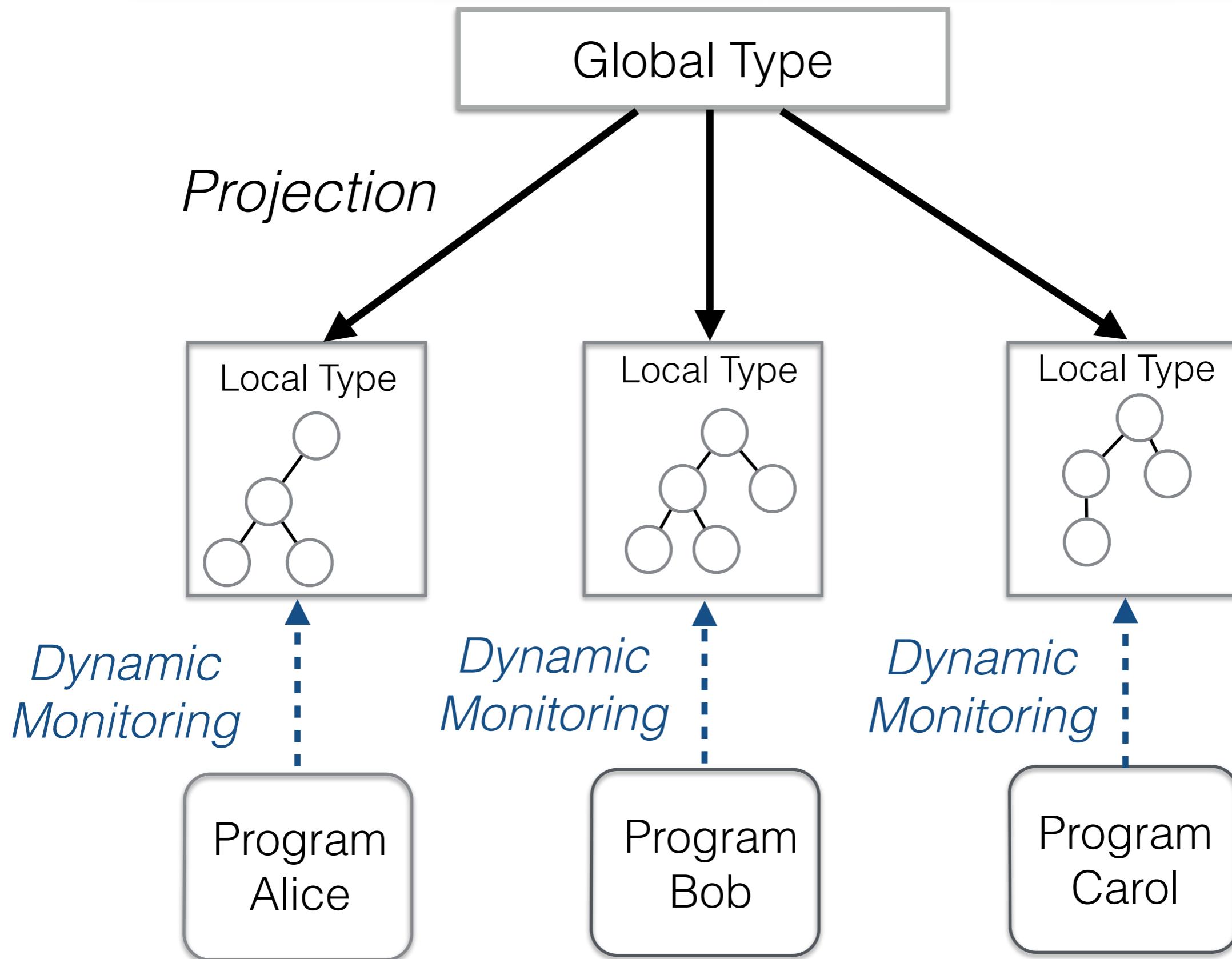


# Type Checking [OOPSLA'15, POPL'16]

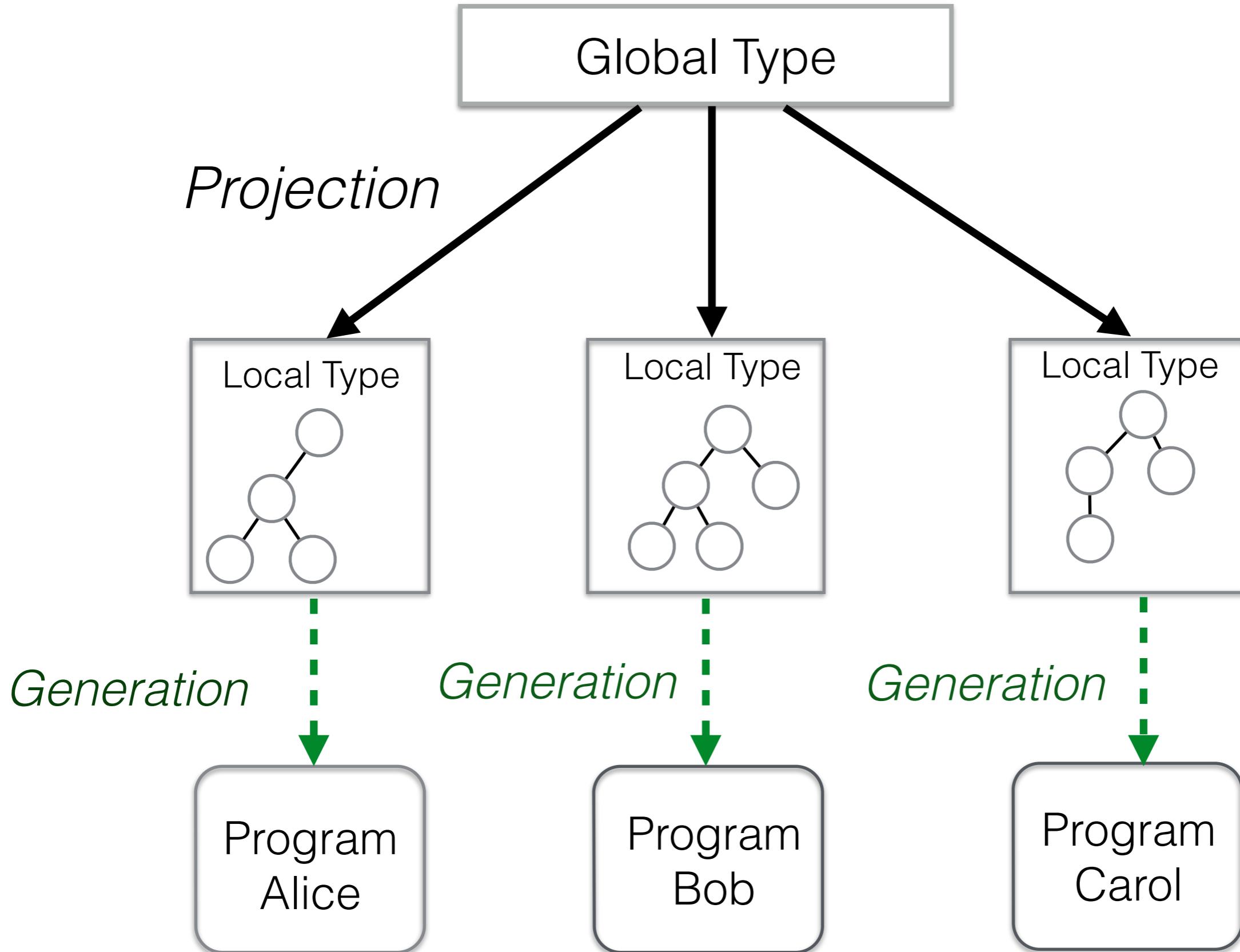


# Dynamic Monitoring

[RV'13, COORDINATION'14, FMSD'15]

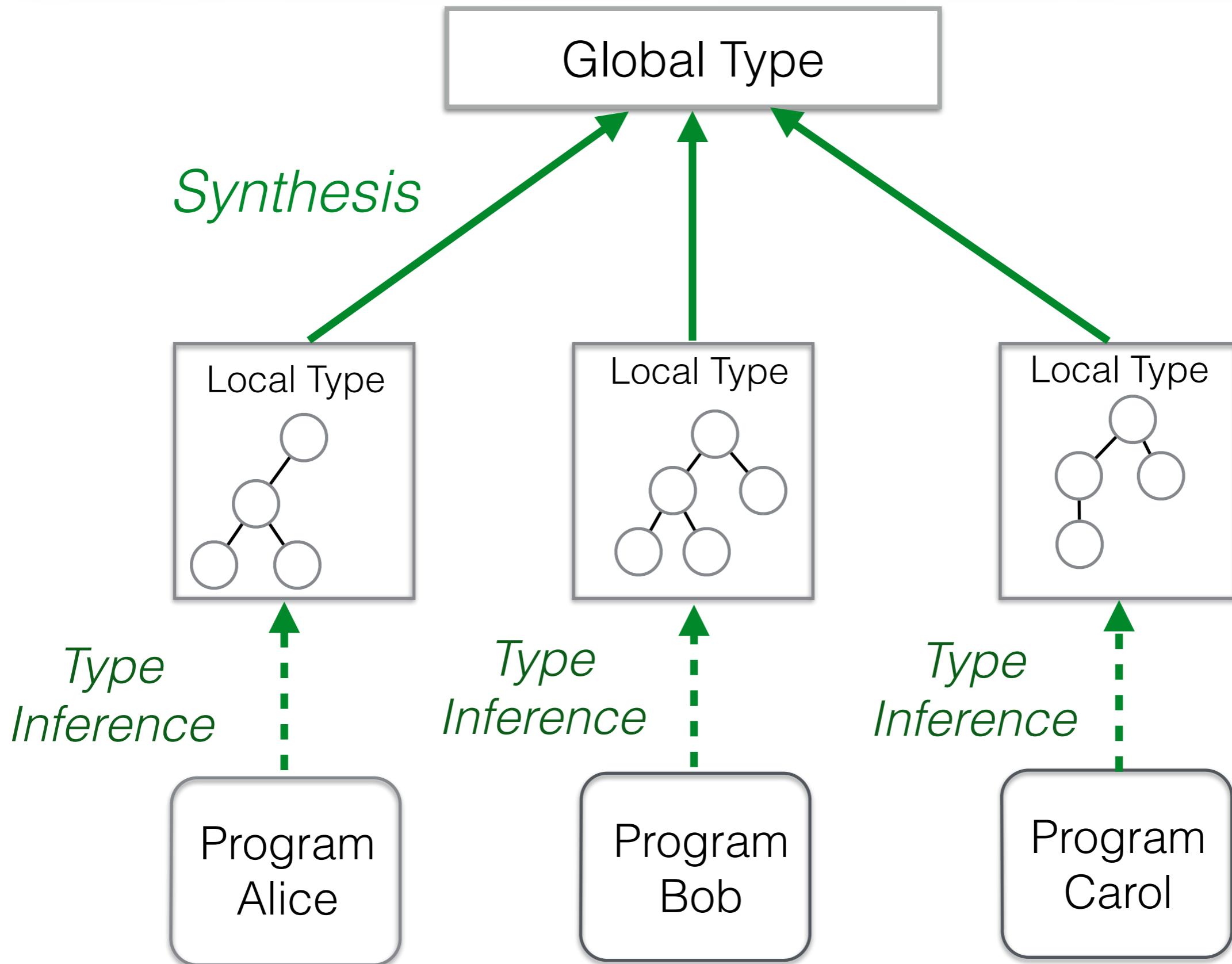


# Code Generation [CC'15, FASE'16]



# Synthesis

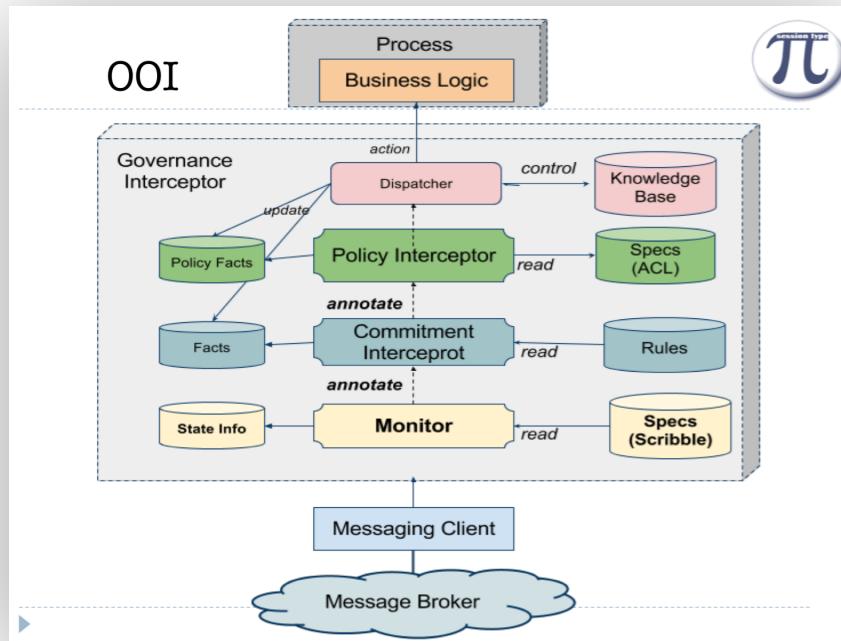
[ICALP'13, POPL'15, CONCUR'15, TACAS'16]



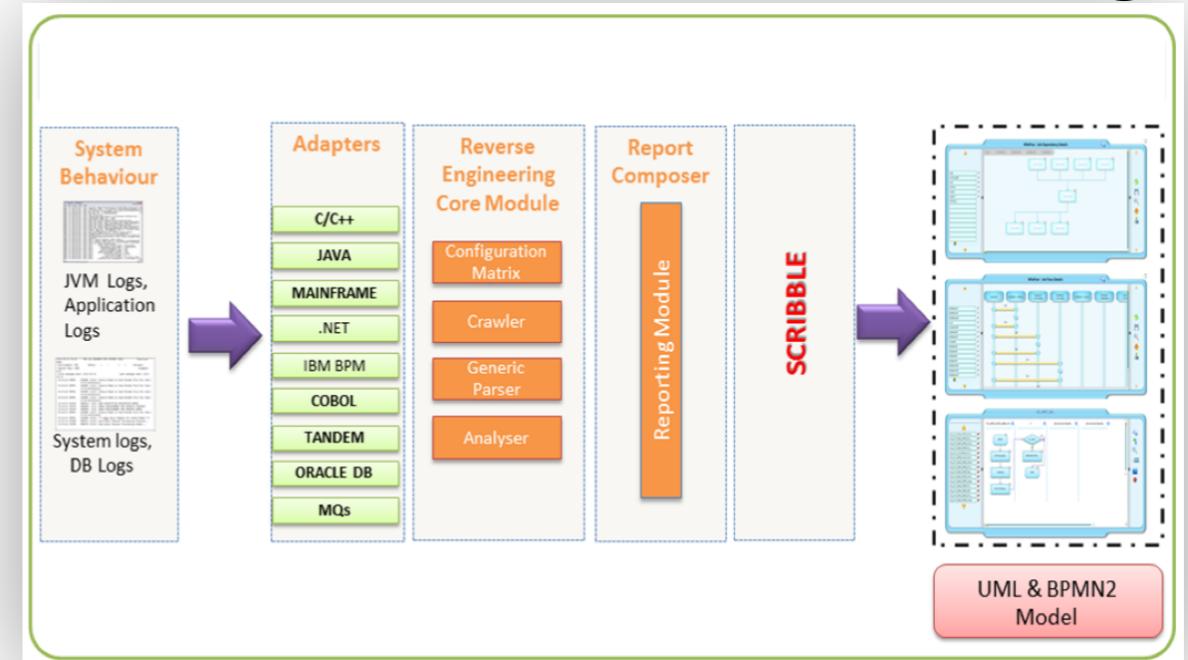


# Applications

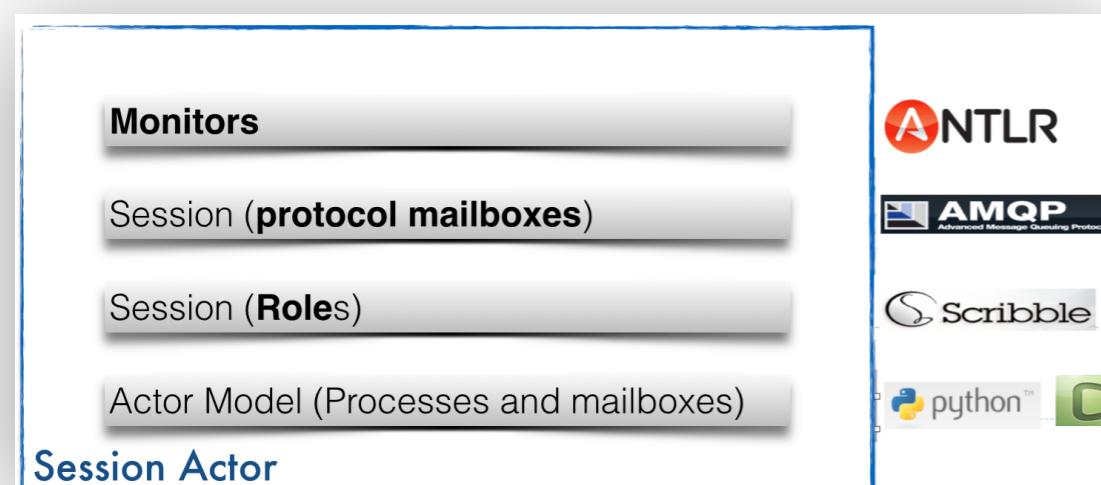
## OOI Governance



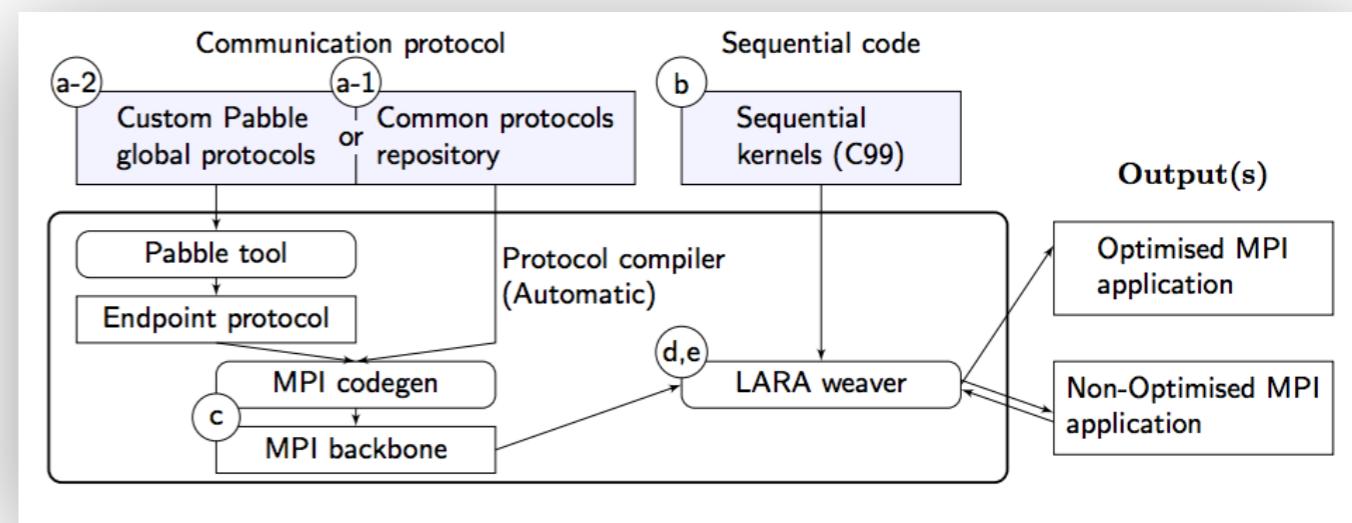
## ZDLC: Process Modeling



## Protocol Verification



## MPI code generations



# Global Types

global

$G ::= P \rightarrow P_1, \dots, P_m : \langle U \rangle. G'$

|  $P \rightarrow P_1, \dots, P_m : \{ l_j : G_j \}_{j \in J}$

|  $\mu t. G$

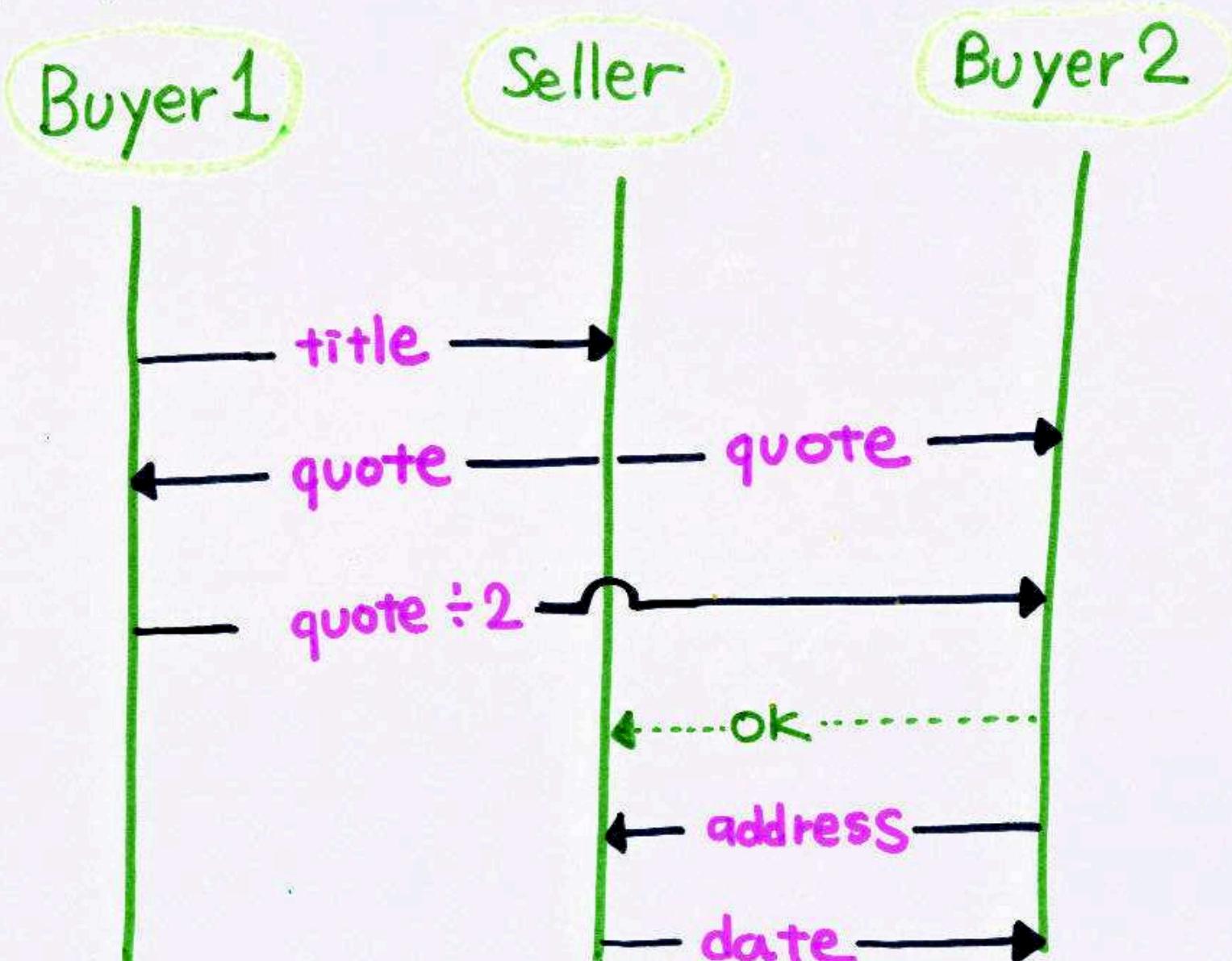
| end |  $t$

value

$U ::= \text{nat} \mid \text{bool} \mid \dots \mid G \mid T$

Session

# Multiparty Session Types



## Three Buyers- Seller Example

G1

$A \rightarrow S : \langle String \rangle.$

Alice = Buyer 1

$S \rightarrow \{A, B\} : \langle Int \rangle.$

Bob = Buyer 2

$A \rightarrow B : \langle Int \rangle.$

$B \rightarrow \{S, A\} : \{OK : B \rightarrow S : \langle String \rangle,$

$S \rightarrow B : \langle Date \rangle.$

quit: }

## Projections of the Global type $G_1$

$$G_1 \upharpoonright S = ?(A, \text{string}).! \langle \{A, B\}, \text{int} \rangle . \\ & \& (B, \{\text{ok} : ?(B, \text{string}).! \langle B, \text{date} \rangle . \text{end}, \\ & \quad \text{quit} : \text{end}\})$$

$$G_1 \upharpoonright A = ! \langle S, \text{string} \rangle . ?(S, \text{int}) . ! \langle B, \text{int} \rangle . \& (B, \{\text{ok} : \text{end}, \text{quit} : \text{end}\})$$

$$G_1 \upharpoonright B = ?(S, \text{int}) . ?(A, \text{int}) . \\ \oplus \langle \{S, A\}, \{\text{ok} : ! \langle S, \text{string} \rangle . ?(S, \text{date}) . \text{end}, \\ \quad \text{quit} : \text{end}\} \rangle$$

## The projection of a global type $G$ onto a participant $q$

$$(p \rightarrow p' : \langle U \rangle . G') \upharpoonright q = \begin{cases} !\langle p', U \rangle . (G' \upharpoonright q) & \text{if } q = p, \\ ?(p, U) . (G' \upharpoonright q) & \text{if } q = p', \\ G' \upharpoonright q & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

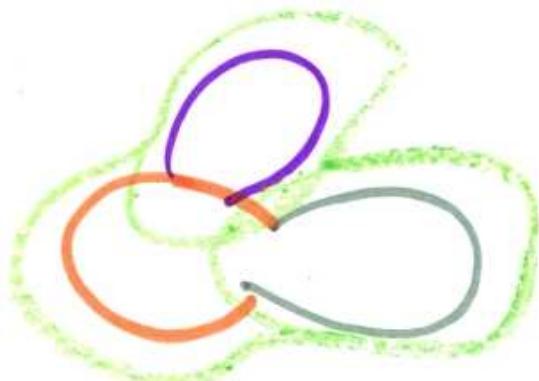
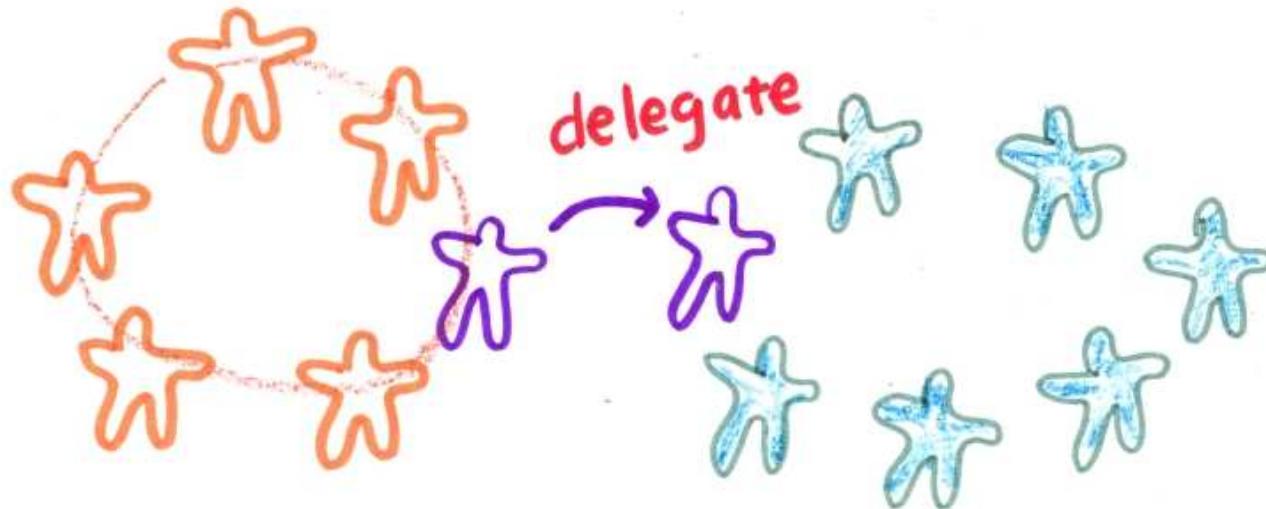
$$(p \rightarrow p' : \{l_i : G_i\}_{i \in I}) \upharpoonright q = \begin{cases} \oplus \langle p', \{l_i : T_i\}_{i \in I} \rangle & \text{if } q = p \\ \&(p, \{l_i : G_i \upharpoonright q\}_{i \in I}) & \text{if } q = p' \\ G_{i_0} \upharpoonright q \text{ where } i_0 \in I & \text{if } q \neq p, q \neq p' \\ & \text{and } G_i \upharpoonright q = G_j \upharpoonright q \text{ for all } i, j \in I. \end{cases}$$

$$(\mu \mathbf{t}. G) \upharpoonright q = \begin{cases} \mu \mathbf{t}. (G \upharpoonright q) & \text{if } G \upharpoonright q \neq \mathbf{t}, \\ \text{end} & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases} \quad \mathbf{t} \upharpoonright q = \mathbf{t} \quad \text{end} \upharpoonright q = \text{end.}$$

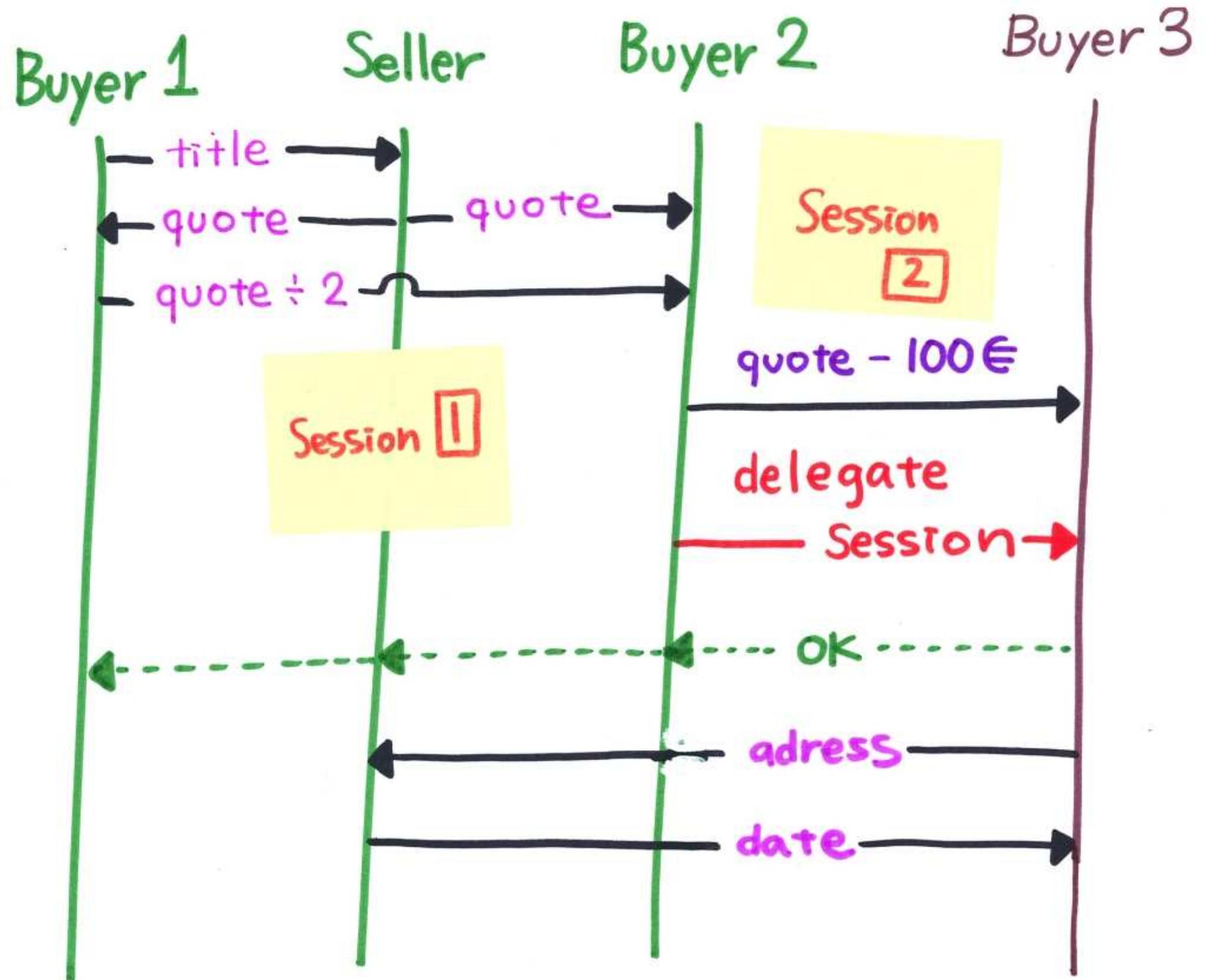
Multiparty  
Sessions

Dynamic  
Mobility of Sessions  
Delegation

Interleaved  
Multiparty  
Sessions



rely on other parties to complete  
tasks transparently type safe manner  
in a



# Three Buyers- Seller Example

G1

$A \rightarrow S : \langle String \rangle.$

$S \rightarrow \{A, B\} : \langle Int \rangle.$

$A \rightarrow B : \langle Int \rangle.$

$B \rightarrow \{S, A\} : \{ok : B \rightarrow S : \langle String \rangle.$

$S \rightarrow B : \langle Date \rangle.$

quit: }

G2

$B \rightarrow C : \langle Int \rangle.$

$B \rightarrow C : \langle T \rangle.$

$C \rightarrow B : \{ok : .. \text{ quit: } ... \}$

$T =$   
+ $\{S, A\},$   
 $ok : ! \langle S, string \rangle$   
 $? \langle S, date \rangle,$   
 $quit : )$

## Global types for the three buyer protocol

$$\mathsf{G}_a = \begin{array}{ll} 2 \longrightarrow 3 & : \langle \text{string} \rangle. \\ 3 \longrightarrow \{1, 2\} & : \langle \text{int} \rangle. \\ 2 \longrightarrow 1 & : \langle \text{int} \rangle. \\ 1 \longrightarrow \{2, 3\} & : \{ \text{ok} : 1 \longrightarrow 3 : \langle \text{string} \rangle. \\ & \quad 3 \longrightarrow 1 : \langle \text{date} \rangle.\text{end}, \\ & \quad \text{quit} : \text{end} \} \end{array}$$
$$\mathsf{G}_b = \begin{array}{ll} 2 \longrightarrow 1 & : \langle \text{int} \rangle. \\ 2 \longrightarrow 1 & : \langle T \rangle. \\ 1 \longrightarrow 2 & : \{ \text{ok} : \text{end}, \text{quit} : \text{end} \} \end{array}$$
$$T = \oplus \langle \{2, 3\}, \{ \text{ok} : !\langle 3, \text{string} \rangle. ?(3, \text{date}).\text{end}, \text{quit} : \text{end} \} \rangle$$

## Projections of the three buyer protocol

$$G_a \upharpoonright 3 = ?(2, \text{string}).! \langle \{1, 2\}, \text{int} \rangle; \& (1, \{\text{ok} : ?(1, \text{string})$$

$$!(1, \text{date}).\text{end}, \text{quit} : \text{end} \})$$

$$G_b \upharpoonright 1 = ?(2, \text{int}).? (2, T). \oplus \langle 2, \{\text{ok} : \text{end}, \text{quit} : \text{end} \} \rangle$$

## Implementation of the three buyer protocol

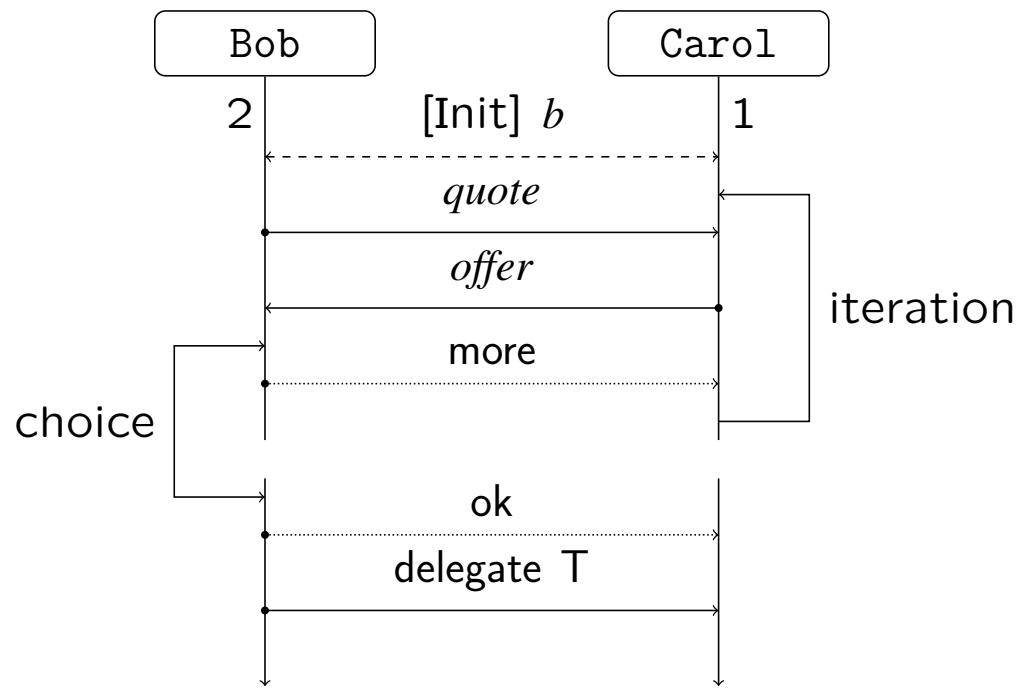
$$\text{Seller} = \overline{a}[3](y).y?(2, \textit{title}).y! \langle \{1, 2\}, \text{quote} \rangle . \\ y\&(1, \{\text{ok} : y?(1, \textit{address}) . \\ y! \langle 1, \text{date} \rangle . \mathbf{0}, \text{quit} : \mathbf{0}\})$$
$$\text{Alice} = a[2](y).y! \langle 3, \text{"Title"} \rangle .y?(3, \textit{quote}) . \\ y! \langle 1, \textit{quote} \text{ div } 2 \rangle . \\ y\&(1, \{\text{ok} : \mathbf{0}, \text{ quit} : \mathbf{0}\})$$

## Implementation of the three buyer protocol

$\text{Bob} = a[1](y).y?(3, \text{quote}).y?(2, \text{contrib}).$   
if  $(\text{quote} - \text{contrib} < 100)$   
then  
 $y \oplus \langle \{2, 3\}, \text{ok} \rangle.y!(3, \text{"Address"}).y?(3, \text{date}).\mathbf{0}$   
else  
 $\overline{b}[2](z).z!(1, \text{quote} - \text{contrib} - 99).z!(\langle 1, y \rangle).$   
 $z \& (1, \{\text{ok} : \mathbf{0}, \text{quit} : \mathbf{0}\})$

$\text{Carol} = b[1](z).z?(2, x).z?((2, t)).$   
if  $(x < 100)$   
then  
 $z \oplus \langle 2, \text{ok} \rangle.t \oplus \langle \{2, 3\}, \text{ok} \rangle.t!(3, \text{"Address"}).$   
 $t?(3, \text{date}).\mathbf{0}$   
else  
 $z \oplus \langle 2, \text{quit} \rangle.t \oplus \langle \{2, 3\}, \text{quit} \rangle.\mathbf{0}$

## The three buyer protocol with recursion



## Global type for recursive negotiation

$$\mathsf{G}_b = \mu \mathbf{t}. 2 \longrightarrow 1 : \langle \text{int} \rangle . \\ 1 \longrightarrow 2 : \langle \text{int} \rangle . \\ 2 \longrightarrow 1 : \{ \text{ok} : 2 \longrightarrow 1 : \langle T \rangle . \text{end}, \\ \text{more} : \mathbf{t}, \\ \text{quit} : \text{end} \}$$
$$T = \oplus \langle \{3, 2\}, \{ \text{ok} : !\langle 3, \text{string} \rangle . ?(3, \text{date}) . \text{end}, \text{quit} : \text{end} \} \rangle$$

## The three buyer example with recursion

```
Bob = a[1](y).y?(3,quote).y?(2,contrib).
      if (quote - contrib < 100)
      then
          y $\oplus$ ⟨{2,3},ok⟩.y!(3,"Address").y?(3,date).0
      else
           $\overline{b}$ [2](z).
          def X(x',z',y') = z'!(1,x').z?(1,w).
              if good(w) then z' $\oplus$ ⟨1,ok⟩.z'!(⟨1,y'⟩).0
              else if negotiable(w) then z' $\oplus$ ⟨1,more⟩.
                  X⟨newproposal(w),z',y'⟩
                  else z' $\oplus$ ⟨1,quit⟩.y' $\oplus$ ⟨{2,3},quit⟩.0
          in X⟨firstproposal(quote),z,y⟩
```

## The three buyer example with recursion

```

Carol = b[1](z).def Y(z') =
        z'? (2,x).z'! <2,offer(x)> .
        z'& (2,{ok : z'? ((2,t)).t ⊕ <{2,3},ok>,
                  t! <3,"Address">.t?(3,date).0
                  more : Y<z'>,
                  quit : 0})
in Y<z'>

```

# Dynamic Semantics

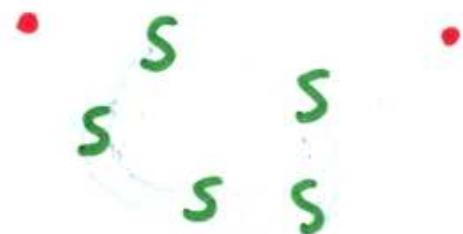
## Multicast

$$\begin{aligned} & \bar{a}[n](y). P_n \mid a[1](y). P_1 \mid \dots \mid a[n-1](y). P_{n-1} \\ \rightarrow & (\forall s) ( P_1[s^1/y] \mid P_2[s^2/y] \mid \dots \mid P_n[s^n/y] ) \end{aligned}$$

a service channel | .... shared/interfered

$s : \emptyset$   
queue

s session channel ... linearised



Send



s[P]! < p̃, V>; P | s:h → P | s:h · (P, p̃, V)

Recv

s[P]? (q, x); P | s: (q, p, V) · h



→ P[V/x] | s:h

## Selection

$$\underline{s[p]} \triangleleft \langle \tilde{q}, \ell \rangle; P \mid s:h \rightarrow P \mid s:h \cdot (\underline{P}, \tilde{q}, \ell)$$

## Branching

$$\underline{s[p]} \triangleleft (q, \{l_i : P_i\}_{i \in I}) \mid s: (q, \underline{P}, \underline{l_j}) \cdot h \\ \rightarrow P_j \mid s:h$$

## Asynchronous Sessions

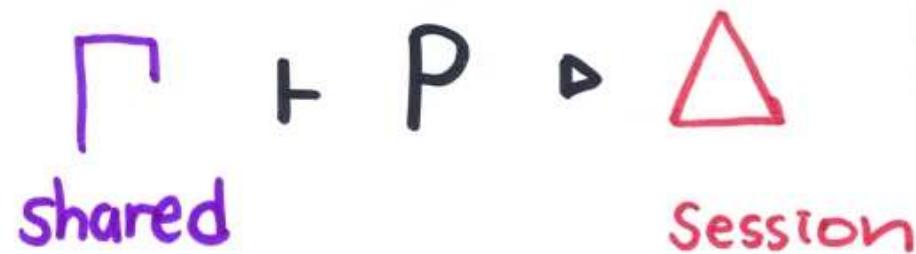
- Sender Non-Blocking
- Message Order Preserving per Session

## Reduction rule for the Process Call

$\text{def } X(x,y) = P \text{ in } (X\langle e, s[p] \rangle \mid Q) \longrightarrow$

$\text{def } X(x,y) = P \text{ in } (P\{v/x\}\{s[p]/y\} \mid Q) \quad (e \downarrow v)$

# Communication Typing



## Local Session Types

$$\begin{aligned} T ::= & \quad !\langle \tilde{P}, U \rangle ; T \mid ?\langle P, U \rangle ; T \\ & \mid \oplus \tilde{P}, \{ l_i : T_i \}_{i \in I} \mid \wp P, \{ l_i : T_i \}_{i \in I} \\ & \mid \mu t. T \mid \text{end} \mid t \end{aligned}$$

INIT

$$\Gamma \vdash u : \langle G \rangle \quad \Gamma \vdash P \triangleright \Delta, y : G \quad \text{[P]}$$

---

$$\Gamma \vdash u[P](y). P \triangleright \Delta$$

Send

$$\Gamma \vdash e : S \quad \Gamma \vdash P \triangleright \Delta, c : T$$

---

$$\Gamma \vdash c! < \tilde{P}, e >; P \triangleright c! < \tilde{P}, S >; T$$

Par

$$\Gamma \vdash P \triangleright \Delta \quad \Gamma \vdash Q \triangleright \Delta'$$

$\Delta, \Delta'$  disjoint

---

$$\Gamma \vdash P \parallel Q \triangleright \Delta, \Delta'$$

## Typing rules for delegation and session receiving

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash P \triangleright \Delta, c : T}{\Gamma \vdash c! \langle \langle p, c' \rangle \rangle . P \triangleright \Delta, c : ! \langle p, T \rangle . T, c' : T} \text{ (Deleg)}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash P \triangleright \Delta, c : T, y : T}{\Gamma \vdash c?((q, y)) . P \triangleright \Delta, c : ?(q, T) . T} \text{ (Srcv)}$$

## Delegated channel type $T$ derivation example

$$\frac{\begin{array}{c} \text{---} \\ \vdash \text{"Address"} : \text{string} \end{array} \quad \frac{\begin{array}{c} date : \text{date} \vdash 0 \triangleright y : \text{end} \\ \hline \vdash y?(3, date).0 \triangleright y : ?(3, date).\text{end} \end{array}}{\hline \vdash y!(3, \text{"Address"}) . y?(3, date).0 \triangleright y : !\langle 3, \text{string} \rangle . ?(3, date).\text{end}} \quad \hline \vdash y!\langle 3, \text{"Address"} \rangle . y?(3, date).0 \triangleright y : !\langle 3, \text{string} \rangle . ?(3, date).\text{end}} \quad \hline \vdash y \oplus \langle \{2, 3\}, \text{ok} \rangle . y!(3, \text{"Address"}).y?(3, date).0 \triangleright y : T} \quad (\text{Select})$$

where

$$T \equiv \oplus \langle \{2, 3\}, \{\text{ok} : !\langle 3, \text{string} \rangle . ?(3, date).\text{end}, \text{quit} : \text{end}\} \rangle.$$

## Example of channel delegation type derivation

How to derive a type for a process  $P$  which inputs  $z : \text{Bool}$  and delegates  $c' : T$ ?

$$P = c! \langle \langle 5, c' \rangle \rangle . c? (5, z) . 0$$

$$\frac{\frac{\frac{\{c : \text{end}\} \text{ end only}}{z : \text{Bool} \vdash 0 \triangleright c : \text{end}} \text{(Inact)}}{\vdash c? (5, z) . 0 \triangleright c : ?(5, \text{Bool}) . \text{end}} \text{(Rcv)}}{\vdash c! \langle \langle 5, c' \rangle \rangle . c? (5, z) . 0 \triangleright c : !\langle 5, T \rangle . ?(5, \text{Bool}) . \text{end}, c' : T} \text{(Deleg)}$$

## Example of recursive type derivation

How do we derive a type of a recursive process with a boolean expression ?

def  $X(y,x) = x! \langle 1,y \rangle . X \langle y,x \rangle$  in  $X \langle \text{true}, c \rangle$

Let  $T = ! \langle 1, \text{Bool} \rangle . t$

$$\frac{\Theta \quad \frac{\vdash \text{true} : \text{Bool}}{X : \text{Bool} \ \mu t. T \vdash X \langle \text{true}, c \rangle \triangleright c : \mu t. T} \text{(Var)}}{\vdash \text{def } X(y,x) = x! \langle 1,y \rangle . X \langle y,x \rangle \text{ in } X \langle \text{true}, c \rangle \triangleright c : \mu t. T} \text{(Def)}$$

where  $\Theta$  is the derivation :

$$\frac{\frac{y : \text{Bool} \vdash y : \text{Bool}}{X : \text{Bool} \ t, y : \text{Bool} \vdash X\langle y, x \rangle \triangleright x : \mathbf{t}} \text{(Var)} \\ y : \text{Bool} \vdash y : \text{Bool} \quad \frac{}{X : \text{Bool} \ t, y : \text{Bool} \vdash x! \langle 1, y \rangle . X\langle y, x \rangle \triangleright x : !\langle 1, \text{Bool} \rangle . \mathbf{t}} \text{(Send)}}$$

## Three Buyers- Seller Example

G1

$A \rightarrow S : \langle String \rangle.$

$S \rightarrow \{A, B\} : \langle Int \rangle.$

$A \rightarrow B : \langle Int \rangle.$

$B \rightarrow \{S, A\} : \{ok : B \rightarrow S : \langle String \rangle.$

$S \rightarrow B : \langle Date \rangle.$

quit: }

G2

$B \rightarrow C : \langle Int \rangle.$

$B \rightarrow C : \langle T \rangle.$

$C \rightarrow B : \{ok : .. \text{ quit: } ... \}$

$T =$   
 $+ \{S, A\},$   
 $ok : ! \langle S, string \rangle,$   
 $? \langle S, date \rangle,$   
 $\text{quit:})$

## Type derivation for the process Alice

Alice =  $a[2](y).y!(3, "Title").\underbrace{y?(3, quote).y!\langle 1, quotediv2 \rangle}_{act}.$   
 $\underbrace{y\&(1, \{ok : \mathbf{0}, quit : \mathbf{0}\})}_P$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash 0 \triangleright y : \text{end}}{\Gamma \vdash P \triangleright y : \overbrace{\&(1, \{\text{ok} : \text{end}, \text{quit} : \text{end}\})}^{T_0}} \text{ (Branch)}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, quote : \text{int} \vdash quote : \text{int} \quad \Gamma \vdash P \triangleright y : \overbrace{\&(1, \{\text{ok} : \text{end}, \text{quit} : \text{end}\})}^{T_0}}{\Gamma \vdash "Title" : \text{string} \quad \Gamma \vdash \text{act}.P \triangleright y : ?(3, \text{int}).!(1, \text{int}).T_0} \text{ (Send,Rcv)}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash y! \langle 3, "Title" \rangle . \text{act}.P \triangleright y : ! \langle 3, \text{string} \rangle . ?(3, \text{int}).!(1, \text{int}).T_0}{\underbrace{\Gamma \vdash a : G}_{P_1} \quad \underbrace{G \upharpoonright Alice}_{G \upharpoonright Alice}} \text{ (Send)}$$

...

$$\frac{\vdash a : G \quad \vdash P_1 \triangleright y : G \upharpoonright Alice \quad 2 < mp(G) = 3}{\vdash a[2](y).P_1 \triangleright \emptyset} \text{ (Macc)}$$

# Properties of Session Types

Intuitive Syntax , Light Weight Type Checking

1 Communication Error - Freedom

No Communication Mismatch

2 Session Fidelity

The Communication Sequence In a session follows the scenario declared in the types

3 Progress



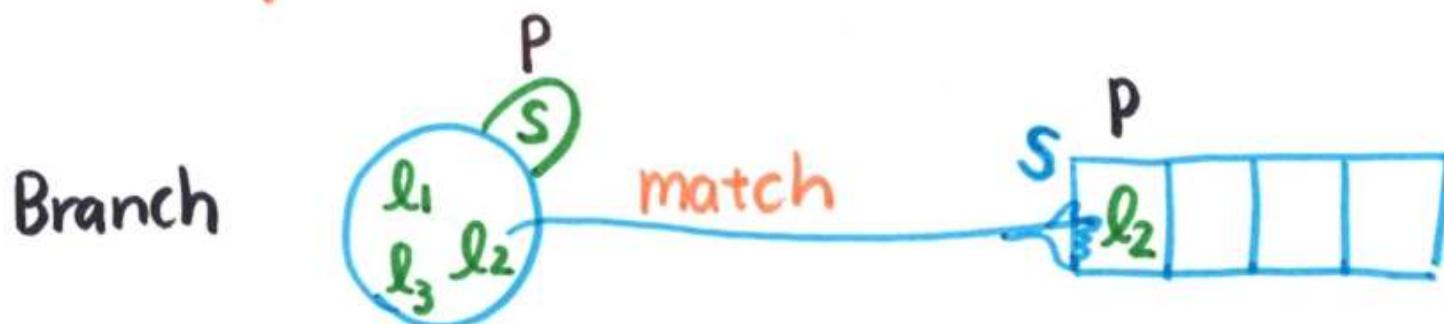
No Deadlock / Stuck in a session

## Communication Error Freedom

~~X~~  $s?_{[P]}(q, x); s'!_{[x+1]} \mid s[q]!_{[P]} "Apple"$   
Value Error

~~X~~  $s?_{[\underline{P}]}(q, y); P \mid s?_{[\underline{P}]}(q, y'); P'$   
Linearity Error

~~X~~  $s!_{[\underline{P}]}(q, V) \mid s!_{[\underline{P}]}(q, W); P'$   
Linearity Error



# Session Fidelity

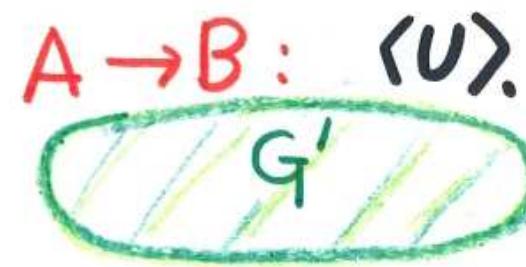
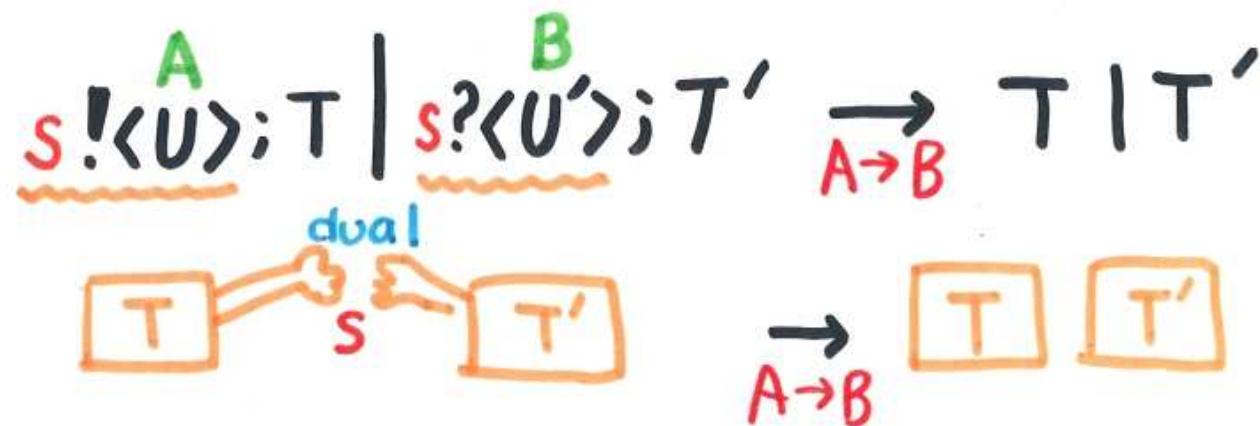
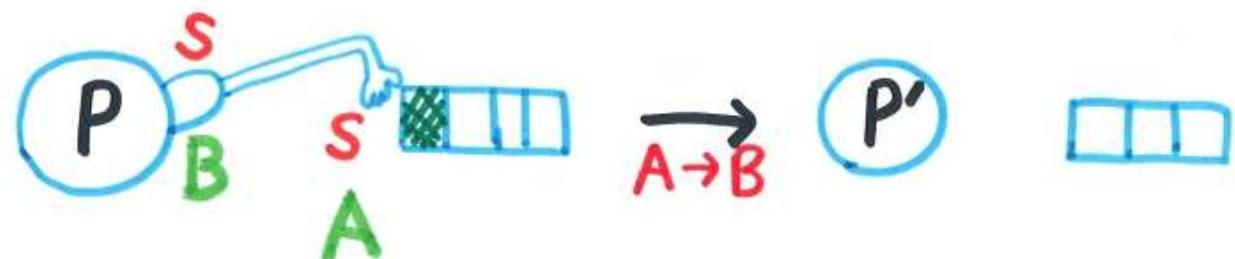
$$\Gamma \vdash P \triangleright \Delta$$

$$P \xrightarrow[A \rightarrow B]{} P'$$

$\downarrow$

$$\Delta \xrightarrow[A \rightarrow B]{} \Delta'$$

$\downarrow$

$$G \xrightarrow[A \rightarrow B]{} G'$$


# Progress

$$P \xrightarrow[A \rightarrow B]{} P'$$

↑

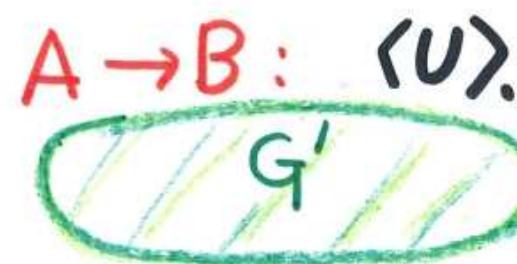
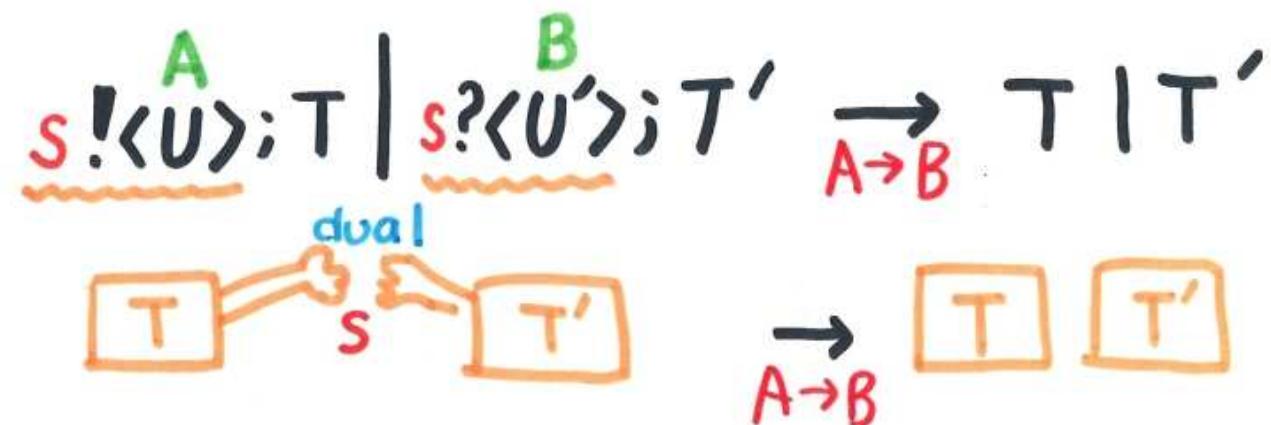
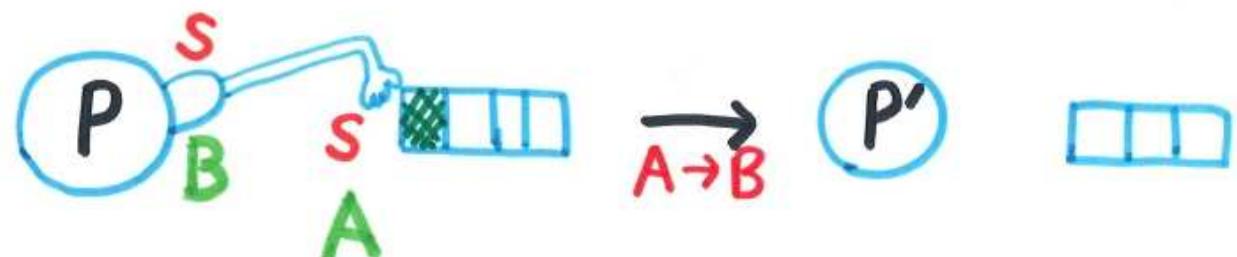
$$\Delta \xrightarrow[A \rightarrow B]{} \Delta'$$

↑

$$G \xrightarrow[A \rightarrow B]{} G'$$

$\Gamma \vdash P \triangleright \Delta$

P is in  
a single session



## Subject Reduction Theorem

- ▶ Subject Congruence

$$\Gamma \vdash P \triangleright \Delta \text{ and } P \equiv Q \implies \Gamma \vdash Q \triangleright \Delta$$

- ▶ Subject Reduction

$$\Gamma \vdash P \triangleright \Delta \text{ and } P \rightarrow Q \implies \Gamma \vdash Q \triangleright \Delta' \text{ with } \Delta \rightarrow \Delta'$$

- ▶ The typing system for runtime processes and the proofs can be found in the lecture notes.

## Single Multiparty Session Progress

- Suppose  $a : G \vdash P_1 \mid \dots \mid P_n \triangleright \emptyset$  where  $P_i$  does not contain any restriction and either an accept or a request.  
Suppose  $P_1 \mid \dots \mid P_n \rightarrow^+ Q$ . Then  $Q \equiv \mathbf{0}$  or  $\exists R. Q \rightarrow R$ .
- The proofs (for more general progress) can be found in [\[POPL'08\]](#).
- Progress for the interleaved sessions are guaranteed by the interaction typing system in [\[Coppo, Dezani, Padova and NY'14\]](#).

# Multiparty Session Type Theory

- Multiparty Asynchronous Session Types [POPL'08]
- Progress
  - Global Progress in Dynamically Interleaved Multiparty Sessions [CONCUR'08], [Math. Struct. Comp. Sci.]
  - Inference of Progress Typing [Coordination'13]
- Asynchronous Optimisations and Resource Analysis
  - Global Principal Typing in Partially Commutative Asynchronous Sessions [ESOP'09]
  - Higher-Order Pi-Calculus [TLCA'07, TLCA'09]
  - Buffered Communication Analysis in Distributed Multiparty Sessions [CONCUR'10]

- Logics
  - Design-by-Contract for Distributed Multiparty Interactions [CONCUR'10]
  - Specifying Stateful Asynchronous Properties [CONCUR'12]
  - Multiparty, Multi-session Logic [TGC'12]
- Extensions of Multiparty Session Types
  - Multiparty Symmetric Sum Types [Express'10]
  - Trustworthy Pervasive Healthcare Services via Multi-party Session Types [FHIES'12]
  - Parameterised Multiparty Session Types [FoSSaCs'10, LMCS]
  - Global Escape in Multiparty Sessions [FSTTCS'10]  
[Math. Struct. Comp. Sci.]
  - Dynamic Multirole Session Types [POPL'11]
  - Nested Multiparty Sessions [CONCUR'12]
  - Timed Multiparty Session Types [CONCUR'14]

- Dynamic Monitoring
  - Monitoring Networks through Multiparty Sessions [TGC'11] [FORTE'13]
- Automata Theories
  - Multiparty Session Automata [ESOP'12]
  - Synthesis in Communicating Automata [ICALP'13]
  - From communicating machines to graphical choreographies [POPL'15]
- Petri Nets
  - Multiparty Session Nets [TGC'14]
- Typed Behavioural Theories
  - Governed Session Semantics [CONCUR'13]
- Choreography Languages
  - Compositional Choreographies [CONCUR'13]

## Session Type Reading List

- Home Page <http://mrg.doc.ic.ac.uk/>
- [ESOP'98] Language Primitives and Type Disciplines for Structured Communication-based Programming, Honda, Vasconcelos and Kubo
- [SecRet'06] Language Primitives and Type Disciplines for Structured Communication-based Programming [Revisited](#), Yoshida and Vasconcelos, ENTCS.
- [SFM'15] Gentle Introduction to Multiparty Asynchronous Session Types, Coppo et al.
- [POPL'15] From communicating machines to graphical choreographies, Lange, Tuosto and Yoshida.

- [COB'14,TGC'13] The Scribble Protocol Language, Honda et al.
- [ECOOP'08] Session-Based Distributed Programming in Java, Hu, Yoshida and Honda.
- [FMSD'15] Practical interruptible conversations: Distributed dynamic verification with multiparty session types and Python, Demangeon, Honda, Hu, Neykova and Yoshida.
- [CC'15] Protocols by Default: Safe MPI Code Generation based on Session Types, Ng, Coutinho and Yoshida.